



གཞི་རྒྱུ་མཁོ་ཆས་དང་སྐྱེལ་འདྲེན་ལྷན་ཁག།
Ministry of Infrastructure and Transport
འབྲུག་བཟོ་སྐྱོན་དང་སྐྱེལ་འདྲེན་དབང་འཛིན།།

BHUTAN CONSTRUCTION AND TRANSPORT AUTHORITY



Bhutan Construction and Transport Authority

General Instructions:

1. Read the **Directions** carefully
2. Answer **all** the questions within the **given time**.
3. Choose the right answer from multiple options given (Use tick ✓ mark)

1. What does the broken line (road marking) on roads indicate?

- a. Overtaking not allowed
- b. Overtaking permitted when safe
- c. Overtaking safe
- d. Maintain vehicle speed

2. What should the driver do when approaching a roundabout?

- a. Slow down the speed to overtake other vehicle
- b. Slow down the speed and give indicator where you want to go
- c. Slow down the speed to see any pedestrian crossing
- d. Slow down the speed to give right of way to heavy vehicle

3. When does a driver use low beam headlights?

- a. While Driving in heavy traffic
- b. While Driving in towns and behind the moving vehicle
- c. While Driving on double lane road
- d. While driving on single lane road

4. What is the purpose of left indicator?

- a. To indicate turning left
- b. To allow pedestrian to cross the road
- c. To slow down the vehicle
- d. To allow vehicle in front to pass

5. What is the function of coolant?

- a. To maintain the vehicle speed
- b. To maintain the engine temperature
- c. To maintain the radiator temperature
- d. To maintain the oil flow



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6. Un-even tyre wear is caused by:

- a. Over speeding of vehicle
- b. Over loading of vehicle
- c. **Mechanical parts affecting alignment and defective suspension**
- d. Overheating the tyre or using tyres under extreme cold temperature

7. What do this sign mean?

- a. Bridge height – 30 M
- b. **Speed Limit - 30 km/h**
- c. Load limit - 30 MT
- d. Taxi fare – Nu:30/km



8. What do this sign mean?

- a. **Slippery road**
- b. Loose gravel
- c. Staggered
- d. Rough road



9. You get dazzled by the lights of an oncoming car at night, do you?

- a. Switch your main beams back on
- b. **Slow down, stop if necessary.**
- c. Put on your sunglasses

10. You may stop on a yellow box junction (Free zone area)

- a. **Never**
- b. Only if turning right, your exit is clear and your way is blocked by oncoming traffic
- c. If the car in front does

11. How can you judge you are driving at a safe distance behind the car in front? (On a dry road)?

- a. Check your speedometer frequently
- b. **Use the 2 second rule**
- c. Keep 5 car length back

12. Approaching a roundabout, which vehicles have priority?

- a. **Vehicles already on the roundabout**
- b. Vehicles approaching from the left
- c. Vehicles coming from the major road



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13. A major causes of road crashes are occurred due to:

- a. Using re-soled tyres
- b. Fare over-charging
- c. Using old vehicle
- d. **Over speeding and not following traffic rules**

14. We can prevent motor vehicle accidents by:

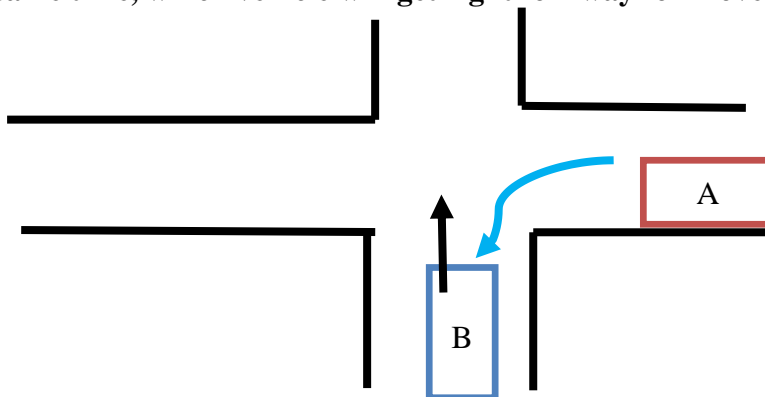
- a. Always being alert on road while driving
- b. Not carrying excess load and passenger
- c. Following road and traffic rules
- d. Maintaining your vehicle in good condition
- e. **All of the above**

15. What do this sign mean?

- a. Bridge height – 30 M
- b. Speed Limit - 30 km/h
- c. **Load limit - 30 MT**
- d. Taxi fare – Nu:30/km



16. Below diagram shows Vehicle “A” and “B” has approached at a cross junction at the same time, which vehicle will get right- off-way for movement?



- a. A
- b. **B**



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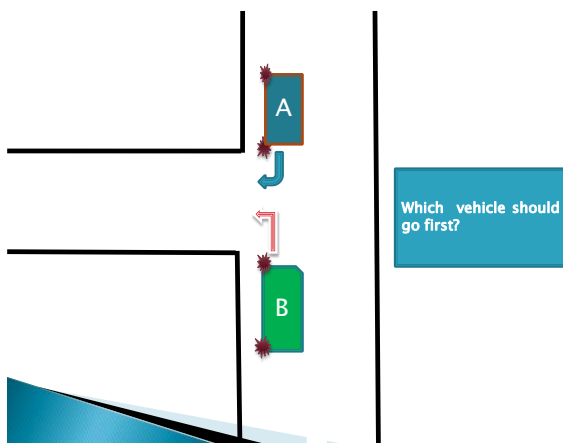
17. What do this single transverse line sign mean just before pedestrian crossing line?

- a. Give way to pedestrians
- b. Pedestrian crossing not allowed
- c. Narrow bridge ahead
- d. **Slow down/ Stop**



18. Two vehicle “A” and “B” has approached road T-Junction at the same time and wished to enter into the same T-junction road, which vehicle will go first and gets the right-of-way:

- a. Whoever gets in front first should go first
- b. The vehicle “A” turning right should go first
- c. **The vehicle “B” turning left should go first**
- d. Vehicle turning left should give way to the other vehicle who is on his right



19. What does continuous solid line road marking indicate on road?

- a. **Over taking Not permitted**
- b. Give way
- c. Two way Traffic
- d. None of the above





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20. Which of the following statement is correct?

- a. Re-sold tyres may not be used under any circumstances
- b. Re-sold tyres can only be used if you are driving in town areas.
- c. There are no restrictions on the use of re-soled tyres.
- d. **Re-soled tyres can only be used on the rear wheels**

21. Speed limit for two wheelers and light vehicle as per RST Regulations 2021:

- a. 65 K/hr
- b. 60 K/hr
- c. **50 K/hr**
- d. 55 K/hr

22. When approaching a roundabout, if you intend to go straight through

- a. You must flash your head lights to show you're going straight
- b. You must flash your left side indicator
- c. You must flash your right side indicator
- d. **You may flash your head lights either you don't have to**

23. When coming out from the side of the road after being stopped, you should:

- a. Start moving slowly but stop if someone blows their horn at you.
- b. Start moving slowly making sure to keep left until it's safe to merge.
- c. Indicate right for one second and then move out.
- d. **Give right of way to ongoing vehicle and pedestrian, look for a gap and move out when it is safe**

24. Which of the following is the correct offence and fine amount?

- a. Drink driving - Nu 500.
- b. Exceeding weight limit - Nu 650
- c. Failing to give signal Nu 11750.
- d. Failing to obey traffic instructions Nu 200.
- e. **Unlicensed driving – Nu 1750**

25. You may sound your horn:

- a. To disperse pedestrians.
- b. In a public procession.
- c. **To prevent an accident.**
- d. In a traffic jam



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26. Which is not the main part of a vehicle?

- a. Chassis
- b. Engine
- c. FIP/ECU
- d. Transmission
- e. Rear Axle

27. What do this sign mean?

Stop

- a. **No standing**
- b. Make "U" slowly.
- c. Make U-turns if there is no other traffic



28. Excessive emission is cause by:

- a. Driving in neutral gear.
- b. **Choke air element.**
- c. When engine gets heated up.
- d. Diving at very high speed.

29. What do this sign mean?

- a. No entry
- b. **Narrow road ahead**
- c. Give way
- d. Narrow bridge ahead



30. Brake lights:

- a. You must have both right and left brake lights in working order at the time of fitness inspection only
- b. You must have at least one brake light working at all times.
- c. It's OK if the brake lights are not working
- d. **You must have both right and left brake lights in working order at all times**

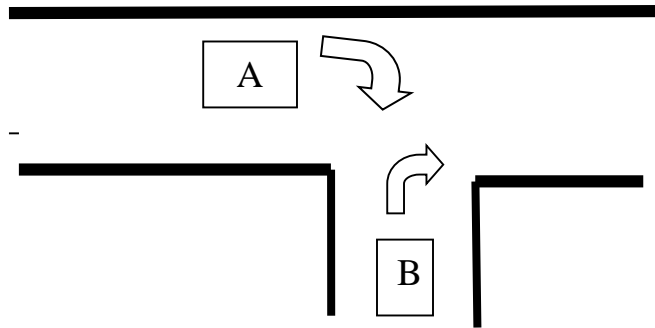


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31. At the T-junction shown in the below diagram vehicle “A” and “B” has approached at the same time, which vehicle have the right of way to move first?



- a. A
- b. B

32. Right side indicator can be used before:

- a. Turning left
- b. Entering parking lot
- c. Changing lane
- d. before over taking the vehicles in front

33. A person is liable for fine as per the RST Regulations 2021, if level of alcohol in their blood exceeds:

- a. 150mg/200 BAC
- b. 100mg/100BAC
- c. 80mg/100BAC
- d. 200mg/300 BAC

34. What do this sign mean?

- a. No entry
- b. No entry but permitted to go permission
- c. Give way
- d. No standing



35. Why it is important of adhering to road traffic signs and signals?

- a. it is to frighten the road users
- b. to provide information to road users
- c. Regulate smooth traffic flow, to prevent road crashes
- d. It is not necessary to follow all the signals



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36. Why do you think road marking are important on road?

- a. It is not important to have road marking on road
- b. It is important to decorate road
- c. It is important because it provides information to drivers and road users, and it represent rules that are in place
- d. It is important for

37. How many types of road markings are there?

- a. There are three types
- b. There are four types
- c. There are nine types
- d. There are two types

38. The shape of Mandatory traffic sign is found in:

- a. Triangle ins shape
- b. Circular in shape
- c. Square in shape
- d. Rectangle in shape

39. The shape of Cautionary traffic sign is found in:

- a. Triangle ins shape
- b. Circular in shape
- c. Square in shape
- d. Rectangle in shape

40. The shape of Informatory traffic sign is found in:

- a. Triangle ins shape
- b. Circular in shape
- c. Square in shape
- d. Rectangle in shape

41. The functions of head light, high and low beam are used while driving on:

- a. feeder road only
- b. open highways with high beam and low beam in built up area
- c. National highways only
- d. built up area only

42. The purpose of speed breaker is to:

- a. Inform driver of approaching residential area
- b. alert driver of pedestrian crossing
- c. Drive at 60k/hr
- d. reduce/control the speeding vehicle on road



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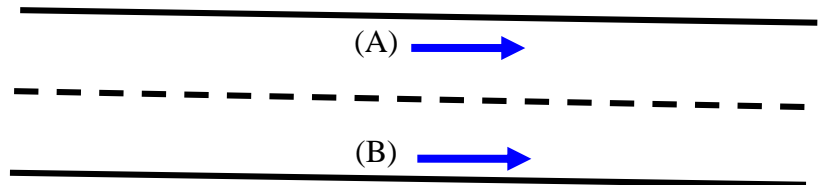
43. In the diagram below both the vehicles are entering the roundabout on same time, which vehicle must give way?

- a. A
- b. B



44. In ONE-WAY Traffic (same direction) as shown in the diagram below, which is the speeding lane?

- a. A
- b. B



45. When changing lanes, follow these steps:

- a. Observe road marking then change lanes
- b. Change the lanes when road are clear
- c. Check side mirrors, turn on indicator lights then change lanes
- d. Honk and change the lanes

46. What do the given cautionary sign indicate?

- a. School ahead
- b. Zebra/Pedestrian Crossing
- c. Walking not allowed
- d. Pedestrian crossing for boys



47. The three types of parking are:

- a. Circular, triangle, square
- b. Angle, Parallel, 90 degree/ Block
- c. Trapezium, hollow, cube
- d. Box, diamond, triangle



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48. The function of coolant in engine is to maintain:

- a. Control system
- b. engine temperature, prevent from rust and freezing
- c. Lubrication system
- d. Braking system

49. The dashboard indicator light is important because it provides information on:

- a. Inadequate lubrication system
- b. Vehicle system failure and requirement of maintenance attention
- c. In effective on cooling system
- d. Short-circuit on electrical system

50. What should the driver do when approaching the pedestrian crossing?

- a. Slow down or stop, give way to the pedestrian first
- b. Don't slow down your speeding vehicle
- c. Park your car on the pedestrian crossing

51. Hazard Warning light is used for:

- a. Parking in the middle of the road
- b. Park and talk to friends
- c. Emergency, foggy, snowy, road block and narrow road
- d. In hospital area

52. The purpose of air filters in the vehicle is to:

- a. protect from rust
- b. clean the dust particles from the air
- c. pump more air in the engine
- d. assist cooling system

53. Road Worthiness Test is conducted for light vehicle (private) on:

- a. quarterly
- b. Monthly
- c. annually
- d. Weekly



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54. What should the driver do when approaching a round about?

- a. Drive straight without looking at other traffic
- b. **Slow down, indicate, giveaway to vehicle inside roundabout and coming from right side at the same time**
- c. Slow down, flash head light and drive where you intend to go
- d. Slow down or stop only if you pedestrian at roundabout

55. When stopping your vehicle what control do you use first

- a. Clutch and brake simultaneously
- b. Clutch first, then brake
- c. **Brake first, then clutch**

56. How can you judge you are driving at a safe distance behind the car in front (On a dry road)?

- a. Check your speedometer frequently
- b. **Use the 3 Second Rule**
- c. Keep 5 car lengths back

57. At a stop sign must you always stop?

- a. Always, Yes
- b. Not if you can see and nobody is there
- c. **You Yield**

58. How would you recognize a zebra crossing?

- a. Flashing beacons
- b. **Traffic signs and markings on road**
- c. Stop sign

59. When stopping your vehicle what control do you use first

- d. Clutch and brake simultaneously
- e. Clutch first, then brake
- f. **Brake first, then clutch**



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60. Is a learner driver allowed to drive on highways?

- a. On weekends
- b. No, never
- c. **Yes, after three months with driving instructor inside**

61. What should a pedestrian do to claim priority at a pedestrian crossing (zebra crossing).

- a. **Put foot on crossing, look right, left and right again and when safe, cross**
- b. Walk out
- c. Put foot on crossing and go

62. Two cars are turning into the same road coming from opposite directions, which has priority?

- a. One turning Right
- b. The vehicle with 4 x 4 drive
- c. **One turning Left**

63. You see a Red reflector zed triangle upright in the road. It means:-

- a. **Vehicle broken down ahead. Slow down proceed with caution**
- b. Children playing
- c. Nothing, probably dropped off a lorry

64. What clearance should you normally give to parked vehicles?

- a. As much as possible
- b. 2 tyre widths
- c. **Park it when the car door is opened and doesn't touch other parked vehicle**

65. You are going to overtake the car in front. Do You, Firstly?

- a. Blow your horn, flash your lights and move out briskly
- b. **Check for oncoming traffic, check your rear view and side mirrors**
- c. Indicate right, Increase speed



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66. When leaving your vehicle what precautions must you take?

- Switch off the engine, apply the handbrake and engage a low gear (either 1st or reverse)
- Stop engine, put in neutral and apply the handbrake
- Switch off engine, ensure car does not impede traffic flow, park on the pavement if necessary

67. You are approaching a sharp bend on a narrow road. Do You:-

- Blow your horn, flash your lights
- Slow down, horn and keep well to the left
- Wait until the last moment, then brake sharply

68. On a long journey, to keep alert, do you:

- Put the radio/CD/Tape on full blast
- Have air circulation high (get plenty of fresh air), stop for short breaks if possible
- Drive as fast as possible, keep alert by watching for speed cameras/traps

69. When can you drive on full headlamp beams in a built up area at night

- Never
- In heavy rain
- When there is no oncoming traffic

70. While you are driving, your hand held mobile rings, do you?

- Answer it, use one hand to drive other to use the phone
- Answer it, rest it on your shoulder, keep both hands on the wheel
- Pull into a safe position then answer it

71. What is the safest speed to drive at?

- The speed limit
- At a speed that you can stop within the distance you can see to be clear
- Whatever speed the other traffic is driving at

72. You wish to reverse:

- Check carefully all around before and during the maneuver
- Reverse as quickly as possible
- Sound your horn at regular intervals



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73. When you see this sign, you must –

- a. Stop and give way to all the traffic even if the intersection is clear.
- b. **Slow down and be prepared to stop and give way to all the traffic if there is any danger of collision.**
- c. Slow down and be prepared to give way to traffic on your right if there is any danger of a collision.
- d. The vehicle on your opposite side must give way to you.



74. A driver behind you signals their intension to overtake your car. What should you do?

- a. **Keep to the left and let the other vehicle overtake you.**
- b. Speed up so that the driver will not have to overtake you.
- c. Signal the driver to remain behind you if it is travelling too fast.
- d. Keep on the right and let the vehicle overtake you from the right.

75. If your car breaks down on a highway or freeway, you should-

- a. Move to the right-hand lane, so that you can be seen.
- b. Stay where you are and wait for a tow truck.
- c. **Move over to the left of the road.**
- d. Keep the vehicle where it is and put on some leaf on the vehicle.

76. If a vehicle is involved in a crash and a person is injured, what is your first reaction?

- a. Report the crash to Police within seven days.
- b. Only call the police if the accident also resulted in over \$500 worth of property damage.
- c. **First call 112, 111 then give every assistance to injured person**
- d. Collect evidence to help police.

77. Are you allowed to drive after being found drunk with the blood alcohol level found beyond permissible by law?

- a. Yes, if you can drive.
- b. Not at all times.
- c. **Yes, only if the driver under the influence is being replaced by a sober driver with valid driving license.**
- d. Yes, if there are no traffic police on the spot.



གཞི་རྒྱུ་མཁོ་ཆས་དང་སྐྱེལ་འདྲེན་ལྷན་ཁག།
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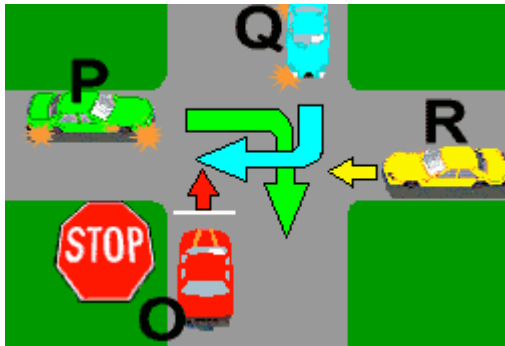
BHUTAN CONSTRUCTION AND TRANSPORT AUTHORITY

78. What is the maximum permissible speed limit in the built-up area as per RST Regulations 2021?

- a. 50 Km/hr
- b. 40 Km/hr
- c. 30 Km/hr
- d. 60 Km/hr

79. Which vehicle must give way in the diagram below?

- a. Vehicle O must give way only to vehicle R.
- b. Vehicle O must give way to vehicle P, Q and R.
- c. Vehicle P, Q and R must give way to Vehicle O
- d. Vehicle P must give way to other three vehicle.



80. If you hear the siren of an emergency vehicle, you must-

- a. Flash your headlight to warn other drivers.
- b. Increase your speed to avoid the vehicle.
- c. Take whatever action is necessary (with safety) to make way for the emergency vehicle.
- d. Stop and activate your hazard light.

81. Which of the following attitude is most likely to make you a safer driver?

- a. When I drive, I have the main responsibility for my safety and safety of the other road users.
- b. It is up to other drivers to avoid crashing into me.
- c. Crashing or not crashing is a matter of luck.
- d. Road safety is not a shared responsibility.



གཞི་རྒྱུ་མཁོ་ཆས་དང་སྐྱེལ་འདྲེན་ལྷན་ཁག།
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BHUTAN CONSTRUCTION AND TRANSPORT AUTHORITY

82. The first thing you should do before overtaking is –

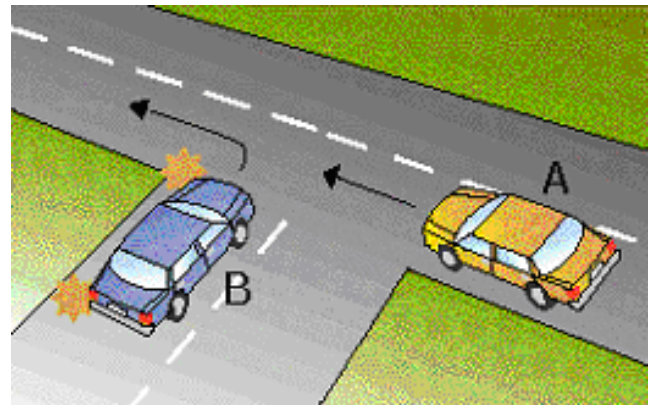
- a. Increase your speed.
- b. Sound your horn.
- c. Put on your hazard light to indicate that you want to overtake.
- d. **Make sure it is safe and the way is clear of the oncoming traffic.**

83. If an overtaking vehicle signals to move in front of you, you should –

- a. Speed up to allow the other vehicle to move behind you.
- b. **Prepare to slow down and activate left indicator to allow room for the other vehicle to move in front of you.**
- c. Maintain the same course of speed.
- d. Wave your hand to tell the other driver to overtake you.

84. You are in car A which is going straight ahead through the intersection. In such situation, should give way to –

- a. Car B
- b. Whoever gets to the intersection first
- c. **Car A.**
- d. Vehicle on the immediate right.



85. What do this sign mean?

- a. It means that the road has three turns ahead.
- b. Does not have any message
- c. **Shows the weight capacity of a bridge of 3 tons.**
- d. Only three trucks at a time.





གཞི་རྒྱུ་མཁོ་ཆས་དང་སྐྱེལ་འདྲེན་ལྷན་ཁག།
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BHUTAN CONSTRUCTION AND TRANSPORT AUTHORITY

86. What do this sign mean?

- a. It indicates that there are 50 kilometers ahead to your destination.
- b. You are not allowed to exceed the speed limit of 50 Km/hr.**
- c. You must always go faster than 50 Km/hr.
- d. You should drive on exact speed limit.



87. Using a handheld mobile phone while driving is –

- a. Allowed if you drive slowly.
- b. Not permitted at any time.**
- c. Only allowed while waiting at an intersection/junction.
- d. Allowed if it is an important call.

88. If you commit traffic offence and you are issued with Traffic Infringement Notice (TIN), you should-

- a. Clear the penalties within 7 days**
- b. Clear the penalties within 10 days.
- c. Clear the penalties within 5 days.
- d. Clear the penalties within 15 days.

89. When you are at the roundabout, you must give way to –

- a. Heavy good vehicles on the roundabout.
- b. The vehicle approaching the roundabout.
- c. Vehicle approaching from the left side.
- d. Vehicle approaching from your right or already on the roundabout.**



གཞི་རྒྱུ་མཁོ་ཆས་དང་སྐྱེལ་འདྲེན་ལྷན་ཁག།
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BHUTAN CONSTRUCTION AND TRANSPORT AUTHORITY

90. What do this sign mean?

- a. No road ahead
- b. **No standing**
- c. No parking
- d. No overtaking



91. What does the solid unbroken line in the center of the road mean?

- a. It is simply a road line to divide two sides of the carriage way.
- b. **Informs vehicle travelling on both side of the carriageway that they must not overtake or change lane.**
- c. No parking
- d. It is the edge marking of the bus lane.



92. What do this sign mean?

- a. No entry
- b. U turn not allowed
- c. **No parking**
- d. End of road.





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BHUTAN CONSTRUCTION AND TRANSPORT AUTHORITY

93. How many types of road traffic signs and signals are there?

- a. Three
- b. Ten
- c. Uncountable
- d. Five

94. Why do you think it is important to conduct pre-trip inspection? It is important to:

- a. see gasoline is full or not
- b. prevent an accident or breakdown
- c. Inspect coolant level
- d. Check tyre pressure

95. You should never drive in:

- a. Neutral gear
- b. First gear
- c. Fourth gear
- d. Fifth gear

96. What do this sign mean?

- a. You must stop and give way to other vehicle
- b. You must not stop
- c. No entry but upon approval you can enter
- d. End of road



97. Tailgating could result into?

- a. Rear end collisions with another vehicle
- b. Traffic congestion
- c. Air pollution
- d. Head on collisions

98. You should always SLOW/STOP your vehicle?

- a) In front of a pedestrian crossing to give way
- b) In the middle of the road to attend call
- c) On a bridge to take photo
- d) Near sharp turns and bends to go for loo bre



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99. What is the meaning of this sign?

- a. **School crossing patrol ahead**
- b. No pedestrians allowed
- c. Pedestrian zone - no vehicles allowed
- d. Footpath ahead



100. What is the meaning of this sign?

- a. Dip in the road
- b. Side winds
- c. Quayside or riverbank
- d. **Fallen or falling rocks**

-GOOD LUCK-